

Variable Definitions:

bushw (0 if "Congress passed" wording, 1 if "Bush signed")
 . gen bushw = V022418
 . recode bushw 2=1 1=0

lib_con (liberal = 0, conservative = 1, others missing)
 . gen lib_con = V023024
 . recode lib_con 1=0 5=1 else=2

taxcut (strong support = 1, weak support = .5, weak oppose = -.5, strong oppose = 1. Those offering opinion on initial question, but not on probe set to .5 Other missing data set to 0) (Bartels coding)
 . gen taxcut = V023077x
 . recode taxcut 1=1 2=.5 4=-.5 5=-1
 . mvencode taxcut, mv(0)
 . recode taxcut 0=.5 if V023076==1
 . recode taxcut 0=-.5 if V023076==5

taxcutdk (1 if answered DK, other, haven't thought about it to tax question, 0 otherwise)
 . gen taxcutdk = V023076
 . recode taxcutdk 1=0 5=0 7=0
 . mvencode taxcutdk, mv(1)

taxcut_yesno (any support = 1, any opposition = 0, others missing)
 . gen taxcut_yesno = V023077x
 . recode taxcut_yesno 1 = 1 2=1 4=0 5=0

Income In thousands, coded to mean of NES income categories, with top category defined as \$100,000

. gen income = V023149
 . recode income 1=7.5 2=25 3=42.5 4=50 5=57.5 6=75 7=100
 8=25 9=75

info_pre (continuous ranging from 1 (high) to 0 (low) &
info_post (continuous ranging from 1 (high) to 0 (low)
 Used Bartels special coding (table from Bartels' Homer documentation file):

V023155/V025192		<i>preinfo</i>	(N)	<i>postinfo</i>	(N)
1	Very high	.8868	394	.8864	267

2	Fairly high	.6272	534	.624	460
3	Average	.2876	448	.2843	477
4	Fairly low	.0626	94	.0613	110
5	Very low	.0155	31	.0146	26
0	NA	.2875	10	.2842	6

(Recoded values are chosen to correspond to percentiles of the weighted distribution of information ratings in each wave of the survey.)

info_pre_3pt (combine 3 lowest categories into 1, values are .5, .75 and 1)

```
. gen info_pre = V023155
. recode info_pre 1=1 2=.75 3=.5 4=.25 5=0
. gen info_pre_3pt = info_pre
. recode info_pre_3pt 0=.5 .25=.5
```

info_post_3pt (combine 3 lowest categories into 1, values are .5, .75 and 1)

```
. gen info_post = V025192
. recode info_post 1=1 2=.75 3=.5 4=.25 5=0
. gen info_post_3pt = info_post
. recode info_post_3pt 0=.5 .25=.5
```

rep_dem (Strong/Normal/Weak GOP = 1, Strong/Normal/Weak Dem = 0, others missing)

```
. gen rep_dem = V023038x
. recode rep_dem 0=0 1=0 2=0 3=9 4=1 5=1 6=1
. mvencode rep_dem, mv(2)
```

repvote: (Gore voters = -1, Bush voters = 1, missings and other voters = 0) (Bartels coding)

```
. gen repvote = V023111
. mvencode repvote, mv(0)
. recode repvote 1=-1 3=1 5=0 7=0
```

repid (7 categories, -1 for Strong Dems to 1 for Strong GOP, missing data defined at zero) (Bartels coding)

```
. gen repid = (V023038x-3)/3
. mvencode repid, mv(2)
. recode repid 2=0
```

post_weight NES generated Post-election Post-stratified weight (0 if no post interview)

```
. gen post_weight = V020102
```

iraq_action (1 = favor/oppose/other; 0 = haven't thought about it/DK/NA/Refused)

```
. gen iraq_action = V023122
```

```
. recode iraq_action 1=1 5=1 7=1
. mvencode iraq_action, mv(0)
```

corp_scandal (1 = paid quite a lot of attention OR paid some attention; 0 = paid just a little or no attention)

```
. gen corp_scandal = V023072
. recode corp_scandal 1=1 2=1 3=0 4=0
```

campaign_interest (1= very much or somewhat interested; 0 = not much interested)

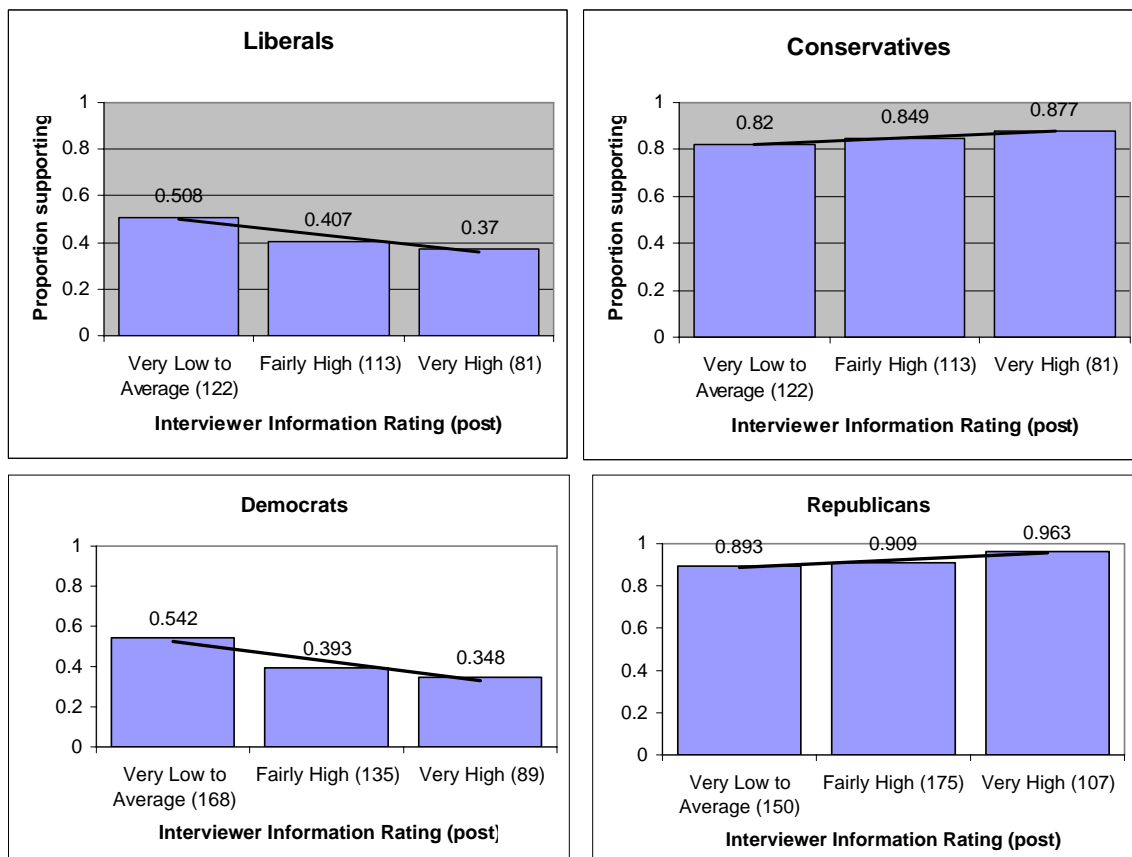
```
. gen campaign_interest = V023001
. recode campaign_interest 1=1 3=1 5=0
```

fresh_cross_sample (1 = panel respondent; 2 = fresh cross respondent)

```
. gen fresh_cross_section = V021001
```

Results

Claim: Figure 1 shows a set of correspondences between this information rating and support for the tax cut.



```
. tab info_pre_3pt lib_con, summarize(taxcut_yesno)
```

Means, Standard Deviations and Frequencies of
taxcut_yesno

info_pre_3 pt	lib_con			Total
	0	1	2	
.5	.60824742	.83908046	.71428571	.75438596
	.4906777	.3685172	.46880723	.43120784
	97	174	14	285
.75	.40909091	.83700441	.6	.67750678
	.4935391	.37017792	.51639778	.46806524
	132	227	10	369
1	.33606557	.83510638	.25	.63375796
	.47430952	.37207539	.5	.48254572
	122	188	4	314
Total	.43874644	.83701188	.60714286	.68595041
	.49694222	.36966877	.49734746	.46437616
	351	589	28	968

The post-election information measure, by lib_con:
. tab info_post_3pt lib_con, summarize(taxcut_yesno)

Means, Standard Deviations and Frequencies of
taxcut_yesno

info_post_3pt	lib_con			Total
	0	1	2	
.5	.50819672	.81990521	.58333333	.70144928
	.5019944	.38518022	.51492865	.45828699
	122	211	12	345
.75	.40707965	.84924623	.55555556	.68535826
	.49347833	.35871113	.52704628	.46509805
	113	199	9	321
1	.37037037	.87704918	.6	.67307692
	.48591266	.3297349	.54772256	.47022058
	81	122	5	208
Total	.43670886	.84398496	.57692308	.68878719
	.4967647	.36321112	.50383147	.46325473
	316	532	26	874

. tab info_pre_3pt rep_dem, summarize(taxcut_yesno)

Means, Standard Deviations and Frequencies of
taxcut_yesno

info_pre_3 pt	rep_dem			Total
	0	1	2	
.5	.6013986	.92436975	.82608696	.75438596
	.49133134	.26552359	.38755339	.43120784
	143	119	23	285
.75	.43373494	.9027027	.61111111	.67750678
	.49708901	.29716641	.50163133	.46806524
	166	185	18	369
1	.29770992	.91071429	.46666667	.63375796
	.45900656	.28600819	.51639778	.48254572
	131	168	15	314
Total	.44772727	.91101695	.66071429	.68595041
	.49782609	.28502137	.47775177	.46437616
	440	472	56	968

 Tabulations for the 5-point information measure:
 . by lib_con: tab info_post, summarize(taxcut_yesno)

-> lib_con = 0

info_post	Summary of taxcut_yesno		
	Mean	Std. Dev.	Freq.
0	.8	.4472136	5
.25	.64285714	.49724516	14
.5	.47572816	.50185265	103
.75	.40707965	.49347833	113
1	.37037037	.48591266	81
Total	.43670886	.4967647	316

-> lib_con = 1

info_post	Summary of taxcut_yesno		
	Mean	Std. Dev.	Freq.
0	.4	.54772256	5
.25	.80645161	.40160966	31
.5	.83428571	.37289089	175
.75	.84924623	.35871113	199
1	.87704918	.3297349	122
Total	.84398496	.36321112	532

. tab info_post_3pt rep_dem, summarize(taxcut_yesno)

Means, Standard Deviations and Frequencies of
taxcut_yesno

info_post_3pt	rep_dem			Total
	0	1	2	
.5	.54166667	.89333333	.62962963	.70144928
	.49975044	.30972312	.49210288	.45828699
	168	150	27	345
.75	.39259259	.90857143	.72727273	.68535826
	.49014613	.28904463	.46709937	.46509805
	135	175	11	321
1	.34831461	.96261682	.5	.67307692
	.47913567	.19059161	.52223297	.47022058
	89	107	12	208
Total	.44642857	.91666667	.62	.68878719
	.49775712	.27670585	.49031435	.46325473
	392	432	50	874

Tabulations for the 5-point information measure:

. by rep_dem: tab info_post, summarize(taxcut_yesno)

-> rep_dem = 0

info_post	Summary of taxcut_yesno		
	Mean	Std. Dev.	Freq.
0	.57142857	.53452248	7
.25	.60869565	.49901088	23
.5	.52898551	.50097757	138
.75	.39259259	.49014613	135
1	.34831461	.47913567	89
Total	.44642857	.49775712	392

-> rep_dem = 1

info_post	Summary of taxcut_yesno		
	Mean	Std. Dev.	Freq.
0	.5	.70710678	2
.25	.94444444	.23570226	18
.5	.89230769	.31119061	130
.75	.90857143	.28904463	175
1	.96261682	.19059161	107
Total	.91666667	.27670585	432

Claim: In the pre-election interview, less than 9% of the respondents were rated below average (either “fairly low” or “very low”).

```
. tab info_pre
```

info_pre	Freq.	Percent	Cum.
0	31	2.07	2.07
.25	94	6.26	8.33
.5	448	29.85	38.17
.75	534	35.58	73.75
1	394	26.25	100.00
Total	1,501	100.00	

Claim: Just over 10% of respondents earned this rating in the post-election interview.

```
. tab info_post
```

info_post	Freq.	Percent	Cum.
0	26	1.94	1.94
.25	110	8.21	10.15
.5	477	35.60	45.75
.75	460	34.33	80.07
1	267	19.93	100.00
Total	1,340	100.00	

Claim: Liberals and conservatives were not significantly different in this respect with conservatives receiving slightly higher ratings on average.

```
. ttest info_post, by(lib_con)
```

Two-sample t test with equal variances

Group	Obs	Mean	Std. Err.	Std. Dev.	[95% Conf. Interval]
0	499	.6568136	.0106936	.2388764	.6358035 .6778237
1	779	.6601412	.0083454	.2329256	.643759 .6765234
combined	1278	.6588419	.0065786	.2351795	.6459359 .671748
diff		-.0033276	.0134898		-.0297922 .0231371
diff = mean(0) - mean(1)				t =	-0.2467
Ho: diff = 0				degrees of freedom =	1276
Ha: diff < 0		Ha: diff != 0		Ha: diff > 0	
Pr(T < t) = 0.4026		Pr(T > t) = 0.8052		Pr(T > t) = 0.5974	

```
. tab lib_con, summarize(info_post)
```

lib_con	Summary of info_post		Freq.
	Mean	Std. Dev.	
0	.6568136	.0106936	499
1	.6601412	.0083454	779

0	.65681363	.23887636	499
1	.66014121	.23292563	779

Total	.65884194	.23517948	1278

Claim: In the second column of Table 1 we report our replication of Bartels' analysis. Our attempt, however, retains the basis of the claim that "better-informed respondents were much more likely to express negative views about the 2001 tax cut" and the conclusion, "the strong plurality support for Bush's tax cut...is entirely attributable to simple ignorance" come from the large, negative, and statistically significant coefficient of "political information." This coefficient is -.907 in his original result and -.721 in our replication.

```
. reg taxcut info_pre repid income bushw ( info_post repvote income bushw) if( ta
> xcutdk<1) [aw=post_weight]
(sum of wgt is 7.7813e+02)
```

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	858
Model	94.1397314	4	23.5349328	F(4, 853) =	50.23
Residual	437.181729	853	.512522542	Prob > F =	0.0000
				R-squared =	0.1772
				Adj R-squared =	0.1733
Total	531.32146	857	.619978367	Root MSE =	.71591

taxcut	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
info_pre	-.7210112	.3296332	-2.19	0.029	-1.367998	-.074024
repid	.7694416	.0550803	13.97	0.000	.6613329	.8775504
income	-.0004327	.0010645	-0.41	0.685	-.0025221	.0016568
bushw	-.0891388	.0499609	-1.78	0.075	-.1871996	.0089221
_cons	.9114591	.2113069	4.31	0.000	.4967167	1.326201

Columns 3 and 4

```
. sort rep_dem
```

```
. by rep dem: reg taxcut info_pre income bushw ( info_post income bushw) if( taxc
> utdk<1) [aw=post_weight]
```

```
-----
-> rep_dem = 0
(sum of wgt is 3.4959e+02)
```

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	387
Model	17.589674	3	5.86322467	F(3, 383) =	3.86
Residual	266.884709	383	.696826916	Prob > F =	0.0096
				R-squared =	0.0618
				Adj R-squared =	0.0545
Total	284.474383	386	.736980266	Root MSE =	.83476

taxcut	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
info_pre	-1.566439	.4923241	-3.18	0.002	-2.534435	-.5984427
income	.0018841	.001828	1.03	0.303	-.0017101	.0054784
bushw	-.0723028	.0860786	-0.84	0.401	-.2415486	.096943
_cons	1.013377	.308181	3.29	0.001	.4074383	1.619315

```
-----
-> rep_dem = 1
(sum of wgt is 3.7636e+02)
```

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	418
				F(3, 414) =	0.19

Model	-.485823107	3	-.161941036	Prob > F	=	0.9014
Residual	108.296528	414	.261585817	R-squared	=	.
Total	107.810705	417	.258538861	Adj R-squared	=	.
				Root MSE	=	.51145

taxcut	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
info_pre	.1015892	.4608394	0.22	0.826	-.8042878	1.007466
income	.000132	.0010591	0.12	0.901	-.0019499	.002214
bushw	-.032174	.051441	-0.63	0.532	-.1332922	.0689443
_cons	.6477426	.3164535	2.05	0.041	.0256866	1.269799

-> rep_dem = 2; Includes all Independent-Independent, Other, Minor Party, Refused, Apolitical, and N/A responses
(sum of wgt is 5.2178e+01)

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	53
Model	6.01404093	3	2.00468031	F(3, 49) =	1.38
Residual	24.2404806	49	.494703685	Prob > F	= 0.2596
Total	30.2545215	52	.581817721	R-squared	= 0.1988
				Adj R-squared	= 0.1497
				Root MSE	= .70335

taxcut	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
info_pre	-.54594	.9505498	-0.57	0.568	-2.456141	1.364261
income	-.0059825	.0042368	-1.41	0.164	-.0144967	.0025316
bushw	.2630874	.213067	1.23	0.223	-.1650867	.6912615
_cons	.8891995	.5625189	1.58	0.120	-.2412245	2.019623

Columns 5 and 6.

```
. sort lib_con
. by lib_con: reg taxcut info_pre income bushw ( info_post income bushw) if( taxc
> utdk<1) [aw=post_weight]
```

-> lib_con = 0
(sum of wgt is 2.7870e+02)

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	310
Model	-8.81774871	3	-2.93924957	F(3, 306) =	2.66
Residual	239.019859	306	.781110651	Prob > F	= 0.0486
Total	230.20211	309	.744990649	R-squared	= .
				Adj R-squared	= .
				Root MSE	= .8838

taxcut	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
info_pre	-2.227874	.8496535	-2.62	0.009	-3.899777	-.5559708
income	.0015023	.0020451	0.73	0.463	-.0025219	.0055265
bushw	.0000782	.1025911	0.00	0.999	-.2017952	.2019516
_cons	1.54599	.5631937	2.75	0.006	.437767	2.654212

-> lib_con = 1
(sum of wgt is 4.7499e+02)

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	522
--------	----	----	----	-----------------	-----

Model	-6.18190514	3	-2.06063505	F(3, 518) =	1.54
Residual	221.505506	518	.427616808	Prob > F	= 0.2029
Total	215.323601	521	.413289062	R-squared	= .
				Adj R-squared	= .
				Root MSE	= .65392

taxcut	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
info_pre	.3899018	.3596941	1.08	0.279	-.3167368	1.09654
income	.0009435	.0012523	0.75	0.452	-.0015168	.0034038
bushw	.0110972	.0584385	0.19	0.849	-.1037083	.1259028
_cons	.2365257	.2281882	1.04	0.300	-.2117623	.6848138

-> lib con = 2; Includes all Moderate, Refused, Don't Know, and N/A responses
(sum of wgt is 2.4444e+01)

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	
Model	1.50918093	3	.50306031	F(3, 22) =	1.09
Residual	17.4273033	22	.792150149	Prob > F	= 0.3750
Total	18.9364842	25	.757459369	R-squared	= 0.0797
				Adj R-squared	= -0.0458
				Root MSE	= .89003

taxcut	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
info_pre	-1.593076	1.641006	-0.97	0.342	-4.996314	1.810162
income	-.0055073	.009694	-0.57	0.576	-.0256113	.0145967
bushw	.3509004	.3893858	0.90	0.377	-.4566364	1.158437
_cons	1.24342	.8024824	1.55	0.136	-.4208266	2.907667

Claim:

“The predicted response for a Republican with average family income (on a scale with –1 corresponding to “strongly opposing” the tax cut and +1 corresponding to “strongly favoring” it) ranges from 0.623 for the least informed respondents to .725 for the most informed respondents, indicating that they were overwhelmingly *in favor* of the tax cut, and favored it *more* as interviewers rated their information levels higher.

The predicted response for a Democrat with average family income¹ (on a scale with –1 corresponding to “strongly opposing” the tax cut and +1 corresponding to “strongly favoring” it) ranges from 1.071 for the least informed respondents to –0.495 for the most informed respondents, indicating that they were overwhelmingly opposed to the tax cut.

If we take these cross-sectional difference in views as indicative of the effect of information on political preferences, it appears that the strong plurality support for Bush’s tax cut in figure 2 is due largely to differences between self-identified Bush voters and others that hold even for the most informed segments of both political groups.”

Using coefficients from above:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Uninformed GOP: } & (0 \cdot .102) + (65 \cdot .0001) - (1 \cdot -.032) + .648 = .623 \\ \text{Informed GOP: } & (1 \cdot .102) + (65 \cdot .0001) - (1 \cdot -.032) + .648 = .725 \end{aligned}$$

¹ Following the US Census Bureau, we assume that the median income for a family of four is \$65,093.
<http://www.census.gov/hhes/income/4person.html>

Uninformed Dem: $(0 * -1.566) + (65 * .002) - (1*.072) + 1.013 = 1.071$
 Informed Dem: $(1 * -1.566) + (65 * .002) - (1*.072) + 1.013 = -.495$

Claim: Sixty-five respondents identified themselves as Republican, responded that the tax cut issue was “very important” or “somewhat important” and received the highest possible rating on the NES information scale. 62 of them (95%) supported cuts.

```
. tab cut_import rep_dem if info_post==1,
  summarize(taxcut_yesno)
```

Means, Standard Deviations and Frequencies of
taxcut_yesno

cut_import	rep_dem		Total
	0	1	
1	.26470588	.97619048	.65789474
	.44781108	.15430335	.47756693
	34	42	76
3	.41176471	.94915254	.7
	.49705012	.22157188	.46035487
	51	59	110
5	.25	1	.7
	.5	0	.48304589
	4	6	10
Total	.34831461	.96261682	.68367347
	.47913567	.19059161	.46623289
	89	107	196

FOR VARIABLE SECTION:

Info_post_1_v_3: categorical variable used for group mean comparison test (low info vs. average info measure)

```
. gen info_post_1_v_3 = info_post
. mvdecode info_post_1_v_3, mv(.25, .75, 1)
```

Info_post_2_v_3: categorical variable used for group mean comparison test (fairly low info vs. average info measure)

```
. gen info_post_2_v_3 = info_post
. mvdecode info_post_2_v_3, mv(0, .75, 1)
```

FOR CLAIMS SECTION

Claim: In the pre-election interview, less than 9% of the respondents were rated below average (either “fairly low” or “very low”). Just over 10% of respondents earned this rating in the post-election interview. Liberals and conservatives were not significantly different in this respect with conservatives receiving slightly higher ratings on average.

```
. ttest taxcut_yesno, by(info_post_1_v_3)
```

Two-sample t test with equal variances

Group	Obs	Mean	Std. Err.	Std. Dev.	[95% Conf. Interval]	
0	10	.6	.1632993	.5163978	.2305913	.9694087
5	287	.6968641	.0271775	.4604163	.6433708	.7503574
combined	297	.6936027	.0267949	.4617748	.6408701	.7463353
diff		-.0968641	.1486929		-.3894974	.1957692

diff = mean(0) - mean(5) t = -0.6514
 Ho: diff = 0 degrees of freedom = 295

Ha: diff < 0 Ha: diff != 0 Ha: diff > 0
 Pr(T < t) = 0.2576 Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0.5153 Pr(T > t) = 0.7424

```
. ttest taxcut_yesno, by(info_post_2_v_3)
```

Two-sample t test with equal variances

Group	Obs	Mean	Std. Err.	Std. Dev.	[95% Conf. Interval]	
25	48	.75	.0631614	.437595	.6229357	.8770643
5	287	.6968641	.0271775	.4604163	.6433708	.7503574
combined	335	.7044776	.0249664	.4569598	.6553664	.7535888
diff		.0531359	.0713063		-.0871318	.1934035

diff = mean(25) - mean(5) t = 0.7452
 Ho: diff = 0 degrees of freedom = 333

Ha: diff < 0 Ha: diff != 0 Ha: diff > 0
 Pr(T < t) = 0.7717 Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0.4567 Pr(T > t) = 0.2283

Interaction Regressions:

```
. reg taxcut info_pre repid info_x_repid income bushw ( info_post repvote inf
> o_x_repid income bushw) if (taxcutdk<1) [aw=post_weight]
(sum of wgt is 7.7813e+02)
```

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 858		
Model	-406.017222	5	-81.2034444	F(5, 852) =	24.29	
Residual	937.338682	852	1.10016277	Prob > F =	0.0000	
				R-squared =	.	
				Adj R-squared =	.	
Total	531.32146	857	.619978367	Root MSE =	1.0489	

taxcut	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
info_pre	-1.317391	.4859509	-2.71	0.007	-2.271192	-.3635897
repid	3.919018	.9635934	4.07	0.000	2.027723	5.810314
info_x_repid	-4.151776	1.188712	-3.49	0.001	-6.484923	-1.81863
income	-.0003096	.001552	-0.20	0.842	-.0033557	.0027365
bushw	-.0937027	.0733672	-1.28	0.202	-.2377044	.050299
_cons	1.384748	.3242636	4.27	0.000	.7482983	2.021197

```
reg taxcut info_pre repid info_x_repid income bushw ( info_post repvote inf
```

```
> o_x_repid_inst income bushw) if (taxcutdk<1) [aw=post_weight]
(sum of wgt is 7.7813e+02)
```

```
Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 858		
Model	62.2827872	5	12.4565574	F(5, 852) =	37.45	
Residual	469.038673	852	.550514874	Prob > F	= 0.0000	
				R-squared	= 0.1172	
				Adj R-squared	= 0.1120	
Total	531.32146	857	.619978367	Root MSE	= .74197	

taxcut	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
info_pre	-.8289807	.4267963	-1.94	0.052	-1.666676	.0087147
repid	1.339646	1.025493	1.31	0.192	-.6731423	3.352434
info_x_repid	-.7516441	1.346686	-0.56	0.577	-3.394854	1.891566
income	-.0004104	.0011088	-0.37	0.711	-.0025867	.0017659
bushw	-.089965	.0518118	-1.74	0.083	-.1916588	.0117288
_cons	.9971439	.2920664	3.41	0.001	.4238899	1.570398

(The second regression uses an instrumental variable for the interaction term, info_x_repid.)

Claim: Respondents who answered that they "hadn't thought about" the tax cut were not political know-nothings.
Note: The Iraq question was asked of only the panel respondents (hence the fresh_cross_section qualification).
All other questions were asked of the entire sample.

```
. tab taxcutdk
```

taxcutdk	Freq.	Percent	Cum.
0	992	65.65	65.65
1	519	34.35	100.00
Total	1,511	100.00	

```
. tab iraq_action if fresh_cross_section==1
```

iraq_action	Freq.	Percent	Cum.
0	175	14.74	14.74
1	1,012	85.26	100.00
Total	1,187	100.00	

```
. tab corp_scandal
```

corp_scanda	Freq.	Percent	Cum.
0	171	11.34	11.34
1	1,337	88.66	100.00

Total		1,508	100.00
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```
. tab campaign_interest
```

campaign_in terest	Freq.	Percent	Cum.
0	326	21.68	21.68
1	1,178	78.32	100.00
Total	1,504	100.00	

```
. tab taxcutdk iraq_action if (fresh_cross_section==1 & corp_scandal==0 & campaign_interest==0)
```

taxcutdk	iraq_action		Total
	0	1	
0	9	17	26
1	18	20	38
Total	27	37	64

(The number of interest is 18: that represents the total number of respondents who hadn't thought about/were not interested in all four issues.)